EX90-Series

Electomagnetic Insertion Flow Sensor









General	Intorm	ation
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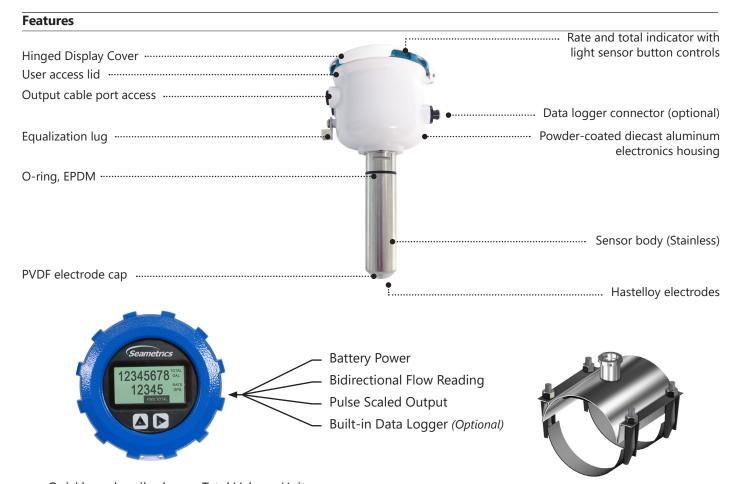
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The **EX90-series** battery powered, insertion electromagnetic flow meter is designed for use with conductive fluids in 4"–12" pipe. The EX90's stainless steel body allows the meter to operate in a wide range of temperatures, pressure, and corrosive or dirty environments.

The EX90 is highly suitable for difficult applications. With no moving parts, these meters can be used in "dirty water" applications where debris would foul a mechanical meter. If the EX90 meter is used with a programmable controller, the output signal can be fed direct, with no other conditioning required.

Rate and total units can be set via the front panel touch key pad by the user. Bidirectional flow is standard with totals available in forward, reverse, net, batch forward and batch reverse.

The EX90 is battery powered and an output cable is available for transmitting the pulse signal to remote devices. The EX90 includes a Seametrics saddle which has been designed to accommodate a wide range of pipe sizes and types while ensuring correct placement in the pipe. In addition, an optional internal data logger allows local storage of flow history.



Quickly and easily change Total Volume Units, Flow Rate Units, Pulse Output Scaling, and many other settings using the two light sensor button controls on the display panel.

Saddle Included

Specifications*

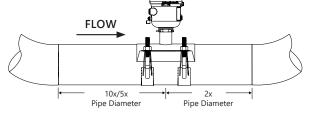
Pipe Size		4" to 12"			1		
Materials	Sensor Body	316 SS					
	Electrodes	Hastelloy					
	Housing	Powder-coated diecast aluminum					
	Electrode Cap	PVDF (Kynar®)					
	O-Ring	EPDM					
Temperature	Operating	10° to 140° F (-12° to 60° C)					
	Storage	-40° to 158° F (-40° to 70° C)					
	Fluid Temp.	32° to 200° F (0° to 93° C)					
Pressure		200 psi (14 bar)					
Flow Rate		0.5 - 4.5 m/sec (1.64 - 14.8 ft/sec	(Low flow cutoff .	15 m/sec; .49 ft/sec)			
Calibration Accuracy	0.5 - 4.5 m/s (1.64-14.76 ft/sec)	+/- 2% of reading					
	0.3 - 0.5 m/sec (0.98 - 1.64 ft/sec)	+/- (2% of reading + 0.25% of full scale)					
Display	Туре	128x64 dot-matrix LCD					
Digits		5 Digit Rate		8 Digit Total			
	Units	Rate Volume Units	Rate Time Units	Total Volume Units			
	Please Note: All meters are factory set for gallons per minute (GPM) rate and acre foot total. If other units are required, they can be set in the field.	Gallons Liters Barrels (42 gallons) Cubic Feet Cubic Meters Million Gallons¹ Mega Liters¹ Imperial Gallons Million Imperial Gallons¹	Second Minute Hour Day	Gallons Gallons x 10 Gallons x 100 Gallons x 1000 Million Gallons Liters Kilo Liters Mega Liters Barrels (42 gallons) Cubic Meters	Cubic Meters x 1000 Cubic Feet Cubic Feet x 1000 Million Cubic Feet Imperial Gallons Imperial Gallons x 1000 Million Imperial Gallons Acre Inch Acre Foot Fluid Ounce		
	Bidirectional	Forward Total, Reverse Total, Net	Total, Batch Forwa	rd, Batch Reverse			
Power		One lithium 7.2V 'D' size battery	pack, replaceable.				
Scaled Pulse	Signal	Current sinking pulse, isolated, 3	6 Vdc at 10 mA ma	x			
Output	Pulse Rates	User-scalable from 0.1 to 99,999.9 volume units/pulse. Pulse width varies with output frequency, 150 pulses/sec max					
Cable	Optional Output Cable	20ft (6m) standard length polyurethane jacketed cable—for power and outputs. (Lengths up to 200' (60 m) available.)					
Conductivity		>20 microSiemens/cm					
Empty Pipe De	tection	Hardware/software, conductivity-based					
Regulatory		C € (EN 61326) Pending. Certified to NSF/ANSI standard 61 and NSF 372 (Stainless only with EPDM O-ring. Viton pending).					
Environmental	<u> </u>	IP67					
		1					

^{*} Specifications subject to change. Please consult our website for the most current data (seametrics.com).

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Flow Rate (4" - 12")

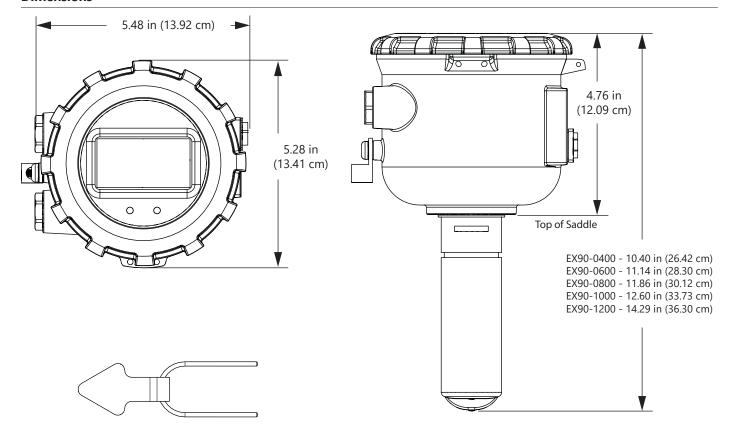
Nominal Pipe Size	4"	6"	8"	10"	12"
Low Flow Cutoff GPM	19.3	43.11 2.72	77.1	120.5	173.5
Low Flow Cutoff LPS	1.22		4.86	7.6	10.95
Min GPM	64.3	144.6	257	401.6	578.3
Min LPS	4.1	9.1	16.2	25.3	36.5
Max GPM	578	1301	2313	3614	5204 328.3
Max LPS	36.5	82.1	145.9	228	



Upstream straight pipe is selected during initial setup. Upstream options are 5X or 10X the diameter and are based on the amount of straight pipe available in either new or propeller meter replacement installation. Downstream straight pipe requirement is 2X the diameter. See programming setup for details.

¹ Rate Time Unit is available in Day only.

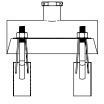
Dimensions



Attach U-clip retainer during installation



Attach display security seal during installation if regulations require.



Saddle Size	Range
4"	4.00"- 4.90"
6"	6.00"- 6.90"
8"	8.00" - 9.05"
10"	10.00" - 11.10"
12"	12.10" - 13.20"

Consult factory if your OD does not match.

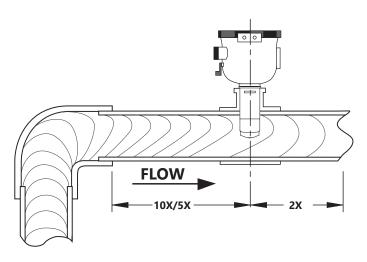


CAUTION: Ensure that the U-clip is installed and **never remove the U-clip retainer when the pipe is under pressure**. Always remove pressure from the pipe before you attempt to remove the meter. Removal under pressure may result in damage or serious injury.

Fitting Installation

EX90-Series meters require special saddles that ensure that the flow sensor is installed to the correct depth. The saddle must be installed in the pipeline before the meter can be installed. For best results, see straight pipe and full pipe information on pages 8 and 9.

If there is not enough straight run to smooth out the turbulence caused by valves, fittings, and changes in direction, some decrease in accuracy may result. This does not mean that the flow meter's reading is meaningless however. In some applications (control systems, valve operation, chemical addition) a repeatable reading may be more important than a highly accurate one.



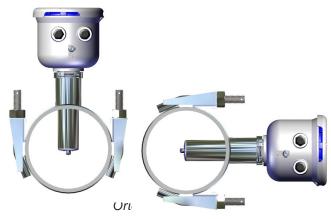
Upstream straight pipe is selected during initial setup. Upstream options are 5X or 10X the diameter and are based on the amount of straight pipe available in either new or propeller meter replacement installation. Downstream straight pipe requirement is 2X the diameter.

See programming setup for details.

Meter Installation

After the saddle is installed in the pipeline, the meter can be installed in the fitting. After noting the direction of the flow arrow, press the meter into the fitting as far as it will go. Retain the meter in place by inserting the U-clip. The pin can be installed from either side. It may be necessary to rotate the probe back and forth slightly to start the pin into the slots on the probe. Slide the pin in as far as it will go.

Side (3 o'clock), top (12 o'clock) installations are acceptable.



Chemical Injection

When any magmeter, by any manufacturer, is used in a chemical injection application (including fertigation), the chemical injection point must be placed downstream of the magmeter OR far enough upstream for complete mixing to occur before the fluid reaches the meter. When unmixed chemical or fertilizer alternates with water passing through the meter, the rapid changes in conductivity may cause sudden spikes and drops in the meter's reading, resulting in inaccurate measurement. The magmeter will restabilize, however, with a steady flow of fluid of uniform conductivity.



Caution: In chemical injection applications, install chemical injection point downstream of magmeter, or far enough upstream to allow complete mixing of fluids before the meter.

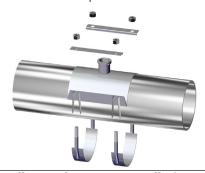
New Installation

BEFORE INSTALLING measure & record inside diameter (ID) of pipe.

1. Clean the mounting surface, remove any roughness from the area and cut a 1.75" hole into pipe. Place gasket centered over pipe opening.



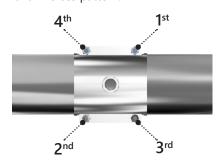
4. Place the saddle clamps under the pipe and align with the clamp guides on the saddle top.



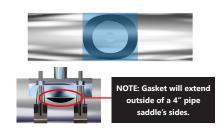
2. Place saddle top over gasket.



5. Place saddle plates over saddle clamp threads. Attach nuts and tighten as shown below. Torque to 75 ft-lb in cross pattern.



3. Make sure saddle top covers entire gasket.



6. Insert the EX90 sensor into the saddle fitting and secure with mounting clip or attach security clip and seals if required.



Propeller Replacement Installation

BEFORE INSTALLING measure & record inside diameter (ID) of pipe.

1. Clean the mounting surface, removing any roughness which would prevent the gasket from sealing. Place gasket centered over pipe opening.



4. Place the saddle clamps under the pipe and align with the clamp guides on the saddle top.



2. Place saddle top over gasket.



5. Place saddle plates over saddle clamp threads. Attach nuts and tighten as shown below. Torque to 75 ft-lb in cross pattern.



3. Make sure saddle top covers entire gasket.

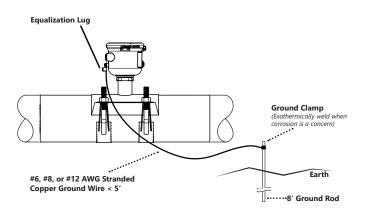


6. Insert the EX90 sensor into the saddle fitting and secure with mounting clip or attach security clip and seals if required.



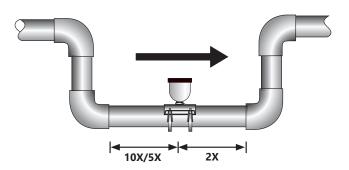
Grounding

Electronically Noisy Installations. When the EX90 is installed in an electrically noisy system (near a VFD etc.), grounding is recommended. Where lightning is a threat, or in severe electrical environments, an optional connection to a nearby equipment ground or ground rod is advisable.



Straight Pipe Recommendations (X = diameter)

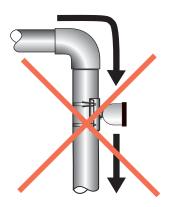
Two Elbows In Plane



Pipe configuration selected during program setup.

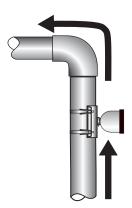
Full Pipe Recommendations

Possible Problem



Can create air pocket at sensor

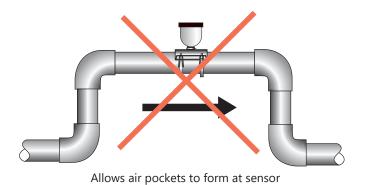
Better Installation



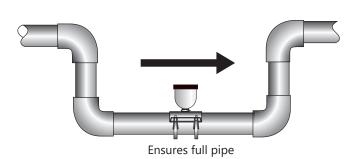
Allows air to bleed off

Full Pipe Recommendations

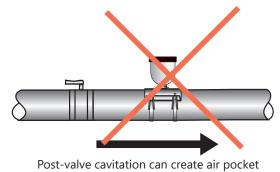
Possible Problem



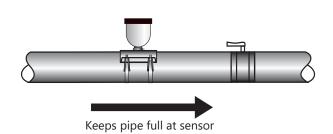
Better Installation



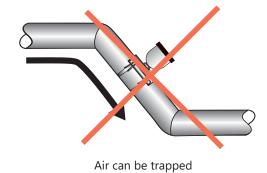
Possible Problem



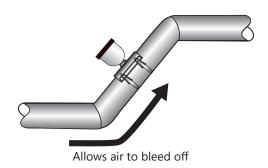
Better Installation



Possible Problem

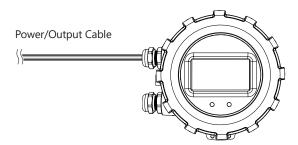


Better Installation

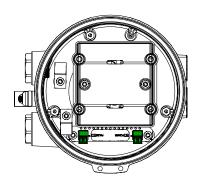


EX90 General Cable Information

In the EX90 meter, there are two output cable ports. Either port can be used. The cable contains the wires for scaled pulse output and optional external DC power. See Sample Cable Wiring Diagrams and Wiring Table.



The EX90 is available as a Battery powered meter



Battery version with two 2-pin connectors

Battery Version with no external pulse output

No wiring is needed.

EX90 Cable Installation (Wiring)

Battery Version with external pulse output.

- 1. Unscrew the display lid and remove it.
- Remove the display assembly from the meter exposing the internal connectors.
 Be sure **NOT** to undo any connections to the display assembly as you remove it.



- 3. There is a two 2-pin connector already installed.
- 4. Remove the plug and o-ring from the cable port(s) where you want to insert the cable.
- 5. Install cable gland(s) using Teflon pipe sealant, or tape, and insert cable end(s).
- 6. Strip cable jacket and conductors and install the wires into the connectors in their respective locations. (See Cable Wiring Table for details.)
- 7. Plug the battery cable into the circuit board, as shown:



- 8. Secure the cables inside the internal strain relief clip and tighten the cable gland sealing nut securely. (torque nut to 22 in-lbs.). A loose nut could cause moisture ingress and compromise the meter head's IP67 rating, voiding the warranty.
- 9. Remount the display assembly, being careful to not pinch any wires.
- Reinstall the display lid, being sure to avoid crossthreading. Ensure the lid is screwed down fully to prevent water ingress.

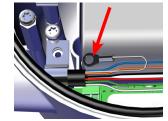
Cable Gland Opening and Sealing



WARNING: Improper sealing of glands or cables will invalidate any warranty. If plugs or cable glands are removed, reinstall using Teflon pipe sealant, or tape, to ensure maximum moisture protection.



Remove plug & o-ring. Insert cable gland/strain relief. Feed cable through cable gland.



Clamp cable with strain relief clips. Attach drain wire lug to bracket post.



Torque cable gland sealing nut to 22 in-lbs.

EX90 Wiring Diagrams

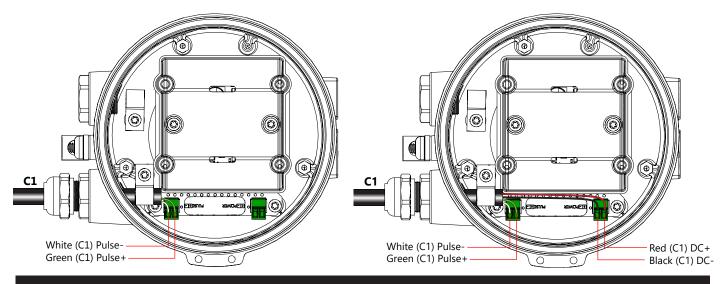
Unscrew the display lid and remove it from the meter. Unsnap the display assembly and remove it from the meter exposing the internal wiring connector. Install the wires through the cable glands into the 2 pin screw connector.

(C1 = power/output cable)

With Pulse Output Only

Pulse with External DC Power Source

9 - 36 VDC at 250mA max, 30mA average



If not using external output, no wiring is required.

Connecting External Power

If anything is disconnected (follow sequence):

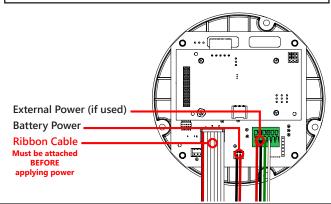
- 1. Connect ribbon cable to transmitter board
- 2. Connect 4-pin to transmitter board (red to far left receptacle labeled 1)
- 3. Connect any option boards
- 4. Connect battery
- 5. Connect external power connector to 15 pin/2pin

If everything is connected:

- 1. Leave all connections plugged in (Ribbon cable, Battery, 4 pin, Option boards, etc.)
- 2. Connect External power connector to 15 pin/2pin



WARNING! Ribbon cable must be connected to the upper transmitter board before power is applied.



EX90 Cable Wiring Table

PIN	1 PULSE SCLD -	2 PULSE SCLD +	PWR -	PWR +
Battery Powered Meter	WHITE C1	GREEN C1	NOT	USED
Externally Powered Meter	WHITE C1	GREEN C1	BLACK C1	RED C1

(C1 = Power/Output Cable 1)

Cable Shield. In general, the cable shield and its bare drain wire should be left unconnected at the user equipment end of the cable to minimize "ground loop" problems.

Pulse Output Configuration. A pulse output is standard on all models. Since this is an isolated output, the external equipment must include a DC power source to regenerate the pulse from the open-collector output (transistor equivalent of a contact closure). A pull-up or pull-down resistor may be needed if not included in the user equipment. Both the power source and resistor may be supplied internally in some types of control and monitoring devices. If not, as for most PLC discrete input modules, they must be added externally at the module input terminals. The pulse output rate in volume units/pulse can be set by the user via the SETP tab on the meter's setup menus.

Because the pulse output of an EX90 meter is set by the user, care must be taken to assure the output pulses do not exceed the maximum frequency of the meter while also ensuring a reasonable resolution.

K-factor: Remember that SETP is expressed in units totaled per output pulse (G/P if using gallons) while K-factors are expressed in pulses per gallon (P/G.) To determine K-factor from SETP, divide 1 by SETP (if SETP is expressed in gallons.) Conversely, 1 divided by the K-factor equals SETP

EX90 battery powered units have a maximum output frequency of 150 Hz.

Because all pulse outputs (SETP) are configured in (rate) units totaled per pulse, all sizes of meters can be configured with the same SETP values

For example, if your rate is chosen as gallons per minute (GPM) the table below applies. If your rate is different, simply use your rate label in place of (GPM.) The numerical values will remain the same.

SETP	Flow Rate at 1 Hz (GPM)	Flow Rate at 150 Hz (GPM) Battery Powered Meters
0.1	6	900
0.2	12	1800
0.3	18	2700
0.4	24	3600
0.5	30	4500
0.6	36	5400
0.7	42	6300
0.8	48	7200
0.9	54	8100
1.0	60	9000

Lower frequency output pulses (1 pulse for some particular number of gallons) can also be set.

Any output frequency can be determined by:

Rate (units/minute) ÷ SETP (units/pulse) = pulse/minute Hz = pulse/minute ÷ 60 seconds / minutes

Pulse Units. The units of measure of SETP are independently selectable and are not tied to rate or total. Upon change of the SETP unit, the pulse output may take up to 10 seconds, or the duration of one pulse (whichever is longer) to take effect.

If Pulse Output is Inconsistent. The DAMP filter may need to be increased.

Pulse Width Timing. The unit and value of SETP must be chosen to keep the duration between meter pulse outputs to less than 500 seconds.

Pulse Timing in Battery Powered Units. The output pulse width in battery powered units is short and varies with pulse frequency. (See table)

Output Pulse Width of Battery Powered Units				
Output Pulse Frequency	Output Pulse Width as a Percentage of the Pulse Period (Pulse period = 1000 milliseconds/fre- quency)			
Zero to 1 Hz	Multiply the pulse period by 0.01	= Output Pulse Width (ms)		
>1 to 20 Hz	Multiply the pulse period by 0.05	= Output Pulse Width (ms)		
>20 to 100 Hz	Multiply the pulse period by 0.1	= Output Pulse Width (ms)		
>100 to 150 Hz	Multiply the pulse period by 0.15	= Output Pulse Width (ms)		

Example: If frequency = 20 Hz then the pulse period = 50 milliseconds and pulse width = $(.05 \times 50 \text{ milliseconds}) = 2.5 \text{ ms}$

Minimum Flow

As with any other flow sensor, there is a rate below which the EX90-Series sensor cannot read. Check the table below (also on page 4) for the minimum flow rate detectable by the sensor for a given pipe size.

Nominal Pipe Size	4"	6"	8"	10"	12"
Low Flow Cutoff GPM	19.3	43.11 2.72	77.1	120.5	173.5
Low Flow Cutoff LPS	1.22		4.86	7.6	10.95
Min GPM	64.3	144.6	257	401.6	578.3 36.5
Min LPS	4.1	9.1	16.2	25.3	
Max GPM	578	1301	2313	3614	5204 328.3
Max LPS	36.5	82.1	145.9	228	

Filtering

The software of the EX90-Series filters out electrical noise and averages sudden variations in the flow to smooth the output. It takes a matter of seconds for the flow sensor to get up to full output after flow begins.

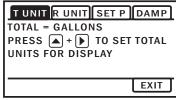
Electrode Coating

Grease or other adhering, non-conductive materials can stop flow detection if the electrodes become heavily coated. To clean the electrodes, remove the sensor from the pipe and gently wipe off the electrodes (three silver bumps) on the reading face of the flow sensor. A mild soap (dish washing liquid for example) can be used to aid the cleaning process.

Standard Menu Options

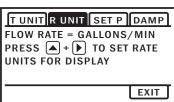
T UNIT

View or change TOTAL volume units



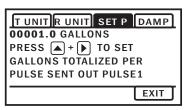
R UNIT

View or change flow RATE units



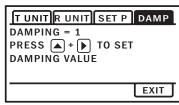
SET P

View or change pulse output scaling



DAMP

View or change # of sample periods for rolling average.*
(0=1 sample period, 1=2 sample periods, etc.)



^{*} See DAMP Settings for Battery Units on page 16.

Special SUBMENU for Further Options

The EXIT tab in the MAIN MENU has a second function. If, instead of using the hold and tap sequence to return to the HOME screen, you tap (a) five times, you will be redirected to a SUBMENU screen from which you can access several more options.

Navigation in this SUBMENU is the same as for the MAIN MENU. Whenever you wish, go to the EXIT tab in the SUBMENU and perform the hold and tap sequence to return to the MAIN MENU.

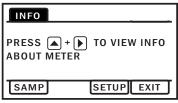
INFO: Meter model number, serial number, and

firmware version.

SAMP: Sample rate.

SETUP: View or change pipe settings.

EXIT: Return to MAIN MENU.



Sub-Menu - Battery Only Version

Initial Setup



INITIAL SETUP OF ID, HOLE, AND PIPE IS REQUIRED FOR THE METER TO OPERATE PROPERLY.

When you remove the meter from the box, it will prompt you to perform initial SETUP of ID, Hole and PIPE before you can proceed to other menu functions or return to the HOME screen.

SETUP Menu Functionality

The SETUP menu works slightly different than other menus inside the AG90. The black square highlighting the left most text is similar to a cursor on a computer. It lets you know where you are within the menu. Press Up 1x and the menu category will change. The categories are as follows:

ID (Internal Diameter in inches)

HOLE (Hole Size Cut into Pipe for Inserting Meter)

PIPE (Piping Configuration Selection)

ID

The Internal Diameter (or I.D.) of the Pipe in which the AG90 is installed is critical to the meter's performance. The AG90 senses a local velocity around the electrodes and uses that information to extrapolate the flow over the entire pipe section. The ID is also used 'under the hood' to scale many critical values such as Low Flow Cutoff, Max Flow Rate, etc. The installer should measure the ID in the most accurate way possible prior to saddle installation.

HOLE

You must change setting from the default N/A to one of the following:

SMALL

New Installations will cut a 1.75" hole into the pipe. This is considered a "SMALL" hole. In this type of installation, the meter is flush to the diameter of the hole. This represents an ideal installation condition, because the cross-sectional area at the measurement point is equal to the I.D. of the pipe.

LARGE

Retrofit installations already have a hole cut into the pipe. Typically they are quite large (especially when replacing mechanical meters), although the exact size depends on the pipe size. These are considered "LARGE" holes. In this

type of installation, the meter has significant room between it and the hole cut into the pipe. When water flows by the meter, it fills this extra cross sectional area while flowing past the measurement point. This means that unlike the "SMALL" hole case, the cross sectional area at the point of measurement is not equal to the I.D. of the pipe. When this menu is selected, the AG90 will compensate for this condition.

PIPE

The PIPE menu is used to compensate for altered velocity profiles in various piping configurations. When obstructions or disturbances are introduced to straight pipe (particularly upstream of the meter), the velocity profile changes shape. Since the AG90 measures a relatively small cross section of the velocity profile, large distortions of this profile can lead directly to measurement error. The pipe menu has distinct pipe configuration compensation built into the AG90 allowing you to select the closest condition to your actual pipe and allows the AG90 to operate at peak performance.

You must change setting from the default N/A to one of the following:

STRAIGHT

Straight Pipe is a relative term. For this configuration, the AG90 considers the pipe to be straight if there are 15+ diameters of straight pipe upstream from the meter and at least 2 diameters downstream from the meter from any obstruction in the pipe.

10/2 ELB

This selection represents an install condition in which there exists a single in plane elbow 10 diameters upstream from the meter and 2 diameters downstream from the meter.

5/2 ELB

This selection represents an install condition in which there exists a single in plane elbow 5 diameters upstream from the meter and 2 diameters downstream from the meter.

ADJ

The adjustment menu is for installers and regulating bodies. This menu allows manual adjustment of the rate (on a % of reading basis) in installations outside of the scope of this document. This menu should be used when a known reference is temporarily (or otherwise) installed into the system and adjustment can be made with high confidence and reliability.

Changing Flow Meter Settings

Home Screen and General Navigation

The HOME Screen displays flow volume, direction of the flow total and flow RATE along with status conditions such as Empty Pipe. Two buttons below the LCD display are used to access menu screens for viewing and changing meter setup parameters.



These two buttons are light sensors which can detect when a finger is covering them and operate upon release. Only three button touch actions are needed to control navigation through the menus, settings changes and back to the home screen.

HORIZONTAL SCROLLING:

Tap right button to scroll horizontally through menu tabs or move horizontally within a tab dialog when applicable.



VERTICAL SCROLLING:

Tap left button to change a highlighted item within a tab dialog.



SELECT/ENTER/EXIT:

Hold left button while tapping right button once to enter or exit a tab dialog or to navigate between the HOME and other menu screens.



To enter the Menu System perform the hold and tap sequence. The Passcode entry screen will display. The default passcode is 000000. If a different passcode has previouly been set, use the and to enter that passcode. In either case, hold and tap again to move into the menu system. (If you enter the wrong passcode, hold and tap again to return to the previous screen. See page 16 for information on how to change a passcode.)



Making Selections

Once in the Menu System, move from tab to tab by tapping the right button. (See the next page for details on the various available tabs.)





Select the parameter. In the screen for the highlighted tab you will see the current parameter value for that tab. Tapping the right button, move to the tab for the parameter you want to change.

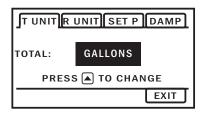


In this example, the first line indicates that the current unit for the TOTAL is GALLONS. The next two lines tell you what to do next.



If you would like to change the TOTAL units, just perform the hold and tap sequence to bring up a screen to change the setting.





Scroll through setting. Select the new setting by scrolling through a list of selections by tapping the left button to find a different TOTAL unit.



Accept changes. To accept any changes you have made, perform the hold and tap sequence.



When finished making changes. When you are finished making changes, move to the EXIT tab using the right button.



To return to the HOME screen, perform the hold and tap sequence.



To Change a Passcode and Decimal Places

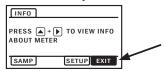
The EX90 has a passcode system for restricting access to the menus. The EX90 comes from the factory with the passcode set to 000000. When a user attempts to enter the menu system (see details on page 14), the passcode entry screen will be displayed.



The default passcode is 000000. If a different passcode has previously been set, then the user must enter that passcode at this time. After entering the passcode, or leaving it at 000000 if using the default passcode, the user does the hold and tap sequence to move into the menu system.

To change the passcode, you must use the THIRD MENU screen. Access the THIRD MENU screen as follows:

• Enter the main menu system, as described above.



On the main menu, tab over to the EXIT tab and tap the up arrow five times. A SUBMENU screen will display.



 On the SUBMENU screen tab over to the EXIT tab and tap the up arrow five times. The THIRD MENU screen will display.



- To set the code, hold and tap SETCD and then use the and to enter the new code.
- Hold and tap again to return to the THIRD MENU screen.
- Tab to EXIT, and then hold and tap to return to the SUBMENU.

To change the number of decimal places in the total

- Hold and tap again to return to the THIRD MENU screen.
- Tab to EXIT, and then hold and tap to return to the SUBMENU.

Power Indicators

A power indicator is displayed in the lower left of the main display window.

When powered by battery a battery icon will display.

OK on the battery indicator means battery voltage is above 6.4 volts.

LO on the battery indicator means the battery is low and should be replaced soon.





Powered by battery - voltage is sufficient



Powered by battery voltage is low

PLMIN

PLMIN is a measure of stability within the filter. Its setting is in terms of a percentage subtracted from 100. When PLMIN = 0, the DAMP filter will be applied regardless of changing flow rates. No amount of flow rate changes seen by the meter will restart the DAMP filter.

When PLMIN is \neq 0, PLMIN is subtracted from 100. The resulting percentage is used as a DAMP filter restart condition. When this condition is met, the DAMP filter will be emptied and restarted with fresh data. For instance, when PLMIN = 25: 100-25=75%. This means that any reading that differs from its predecessor by 75% or more (in either the positive or negative direction), will trigger the DAMP filter reset condition. If PLMIN = 5, the DAMP filter will only reset when a value is \pm 95% different than its predecessor.

It is very important to note that PLMIN settings should vary based upon flow conditions at the install site. If the DAMP filter is being used to smooth out known varying flow conditions (pulsating or highly turbulent flows), too high of a PLMIN value can exacerbate unstable flow conditions. When flow conditions are such, a value of PLMIN = 0 is suggested. Note however, that upon startup and shutdown, this will affect flow rate values responsiveness.

TEST

TEST allows the user to initiate a fully functional, artificial flow rate for the purpose of testing other connected equipment. When TEST is applied, all features of the meter will function at the stated flow rate (in gallons per second).

For TEST to function, the meter must be in water (not EMPTY PIPE), a rate must be entered and the feature must be turned ON.

After use, the TEST feature must be turned OFF. If the TEST feature is not turned OFF, the stated static flow rate (in gallons per second) will be shown any time the meter is full or in a flowing condition.

Battery Powered Units

To 'wake up' a battery powered meter, you may need to hold the up arrow for 2 seconds and release.

The EX90 meter comes configured with a 7.2V 'D' size lithium battery pack. In this configuration, the only option/output is the scaled pulse output which comes standard. Be sure to set your SETP value such that the meter will function properly over the flow range in your application (see page 12 for details). The sample rate of the meter is user selectable through the SAMP tab in the meter's submenu. Sample periods of 1/5, 1/3, 1, 3, 5, 15, 30, and 60 seconds can be selected. (A sample period of 5 seconds - 4 year battery life - is the default.)

Larger sample periods will yield longer battery life but slower response time. Care must be taken to select a sample period that is suitable for your application. See the table below for the expected battery life as a function of sample period.

DAMP/Filtering

The DAMP Filter allows multiple readings to be averaged over time, thus reducing the meters sensitivity to minor changes in flow rate. The DAMP Filter is extremely useful for situations where the flow is not perfectly steady (pulsating flows, turbulent flows, etc.)

The DAMP Filter works differently depending on the SAMP selection:

SAMP < 1 second

When the SAMP setting is less than 1 second, the DAMP filter is defined on a "per second" basis. The DAMP filter always utilizes at least 1 second of data for its filter. Then, it adds however many seconds you've selected in the DAMP menu setting to that 1 second of data. For instance, if you set the DAMP menu to 7, your EX90 meter will utilize 7+1=8

seconds of data within the filter. This means that the filter will average readings for 8 seconds prior to displaying a reading. After the first reading is displayed, the filter kicks out the oldest 1 second of data, adds the newest 1 second of data, recomputes the average flow rate, and displays it to the screen/output. In this way, it is considered a "running average".

SAMP > 1 second

When the SAMP menu is set to a number greater than 1 second, the DAMP menu is defined on a "per reading" basis. Again, the DAMP filter must always use at least 1 reading to generate a flow rate, so the filter will add 1 to your selection. For instance, if SAMP is set to 15, and DAMP is set to 7, the DAMP filter will utilize 7+1=8 readings worth of data for the filter. This means that the filter will not be full for 15x8=120 seconds. Note that in most long term applications, these long filters may be fine, but in shorter term applications, the DAMP and SAMP menus need to be adjusted accordingly.

Battery Life/Sample Period

Sensor sample period(s) (Seconds)	Expected battery life*	
1/5 (0.2)	4.5 Months	
1/3 (0.33)	7 Months	
1	1.5 years	
3	3.25 years	
5	4 years	
15	5.5 years	
30	6 years	
60	6.25 years	

*Based on 85% battery capacity at room temperature.

Troubleshooting

Problem	Probable Causes	Things to try
Blank Display	Battery has not been plugged in	Plug in the battery
	Dead battery	Replace battery
Flow rate reading fluctuates excessively when flow is unchanging	Excessively turbulent or unsteady flow due to partially closed valves or other flow obstructions	Eliminate or minimize causes of flow disturbances or increase meter damping
	Pipe not full	Provide back pressure or other means to ensure pipe is filled
	Pulsing flow due to combining multiple upstream flow sources	Move connection point further upstream
	Insufficient mixing of upstream chemicals	Move chemical injection downstream from meter
	Low fluid conductivity < 20 µS/cm	Replace with different type of meter
	Noisy electrical environment Shared grounds Too close to VFD Faulty or poor power supply Cable length	Improve grounding at meter and nearby potentially noisy electrical equipment. Increase distance between meter and electrical noise sources.
	Shared conduit Unshielded cable	Try power reset
Flow Rate appears correct but pulse/ frequency output is low,	External device input impedance too low	Use sourcing rather than sinking interface connection
erratic or absent	Cable too long	Reduce interface pull-up resistance
Flow Rate appears correct but pulse/frequency output is erratic and/or too high	Electrical noise sources interfering with pulse frequency signal	Isolate, remove or reduce noise sources. Move meter control cable away from noise sources.
	Wrong type of cable	Use only twisted pair cable and ensure both signal wires are on same twisted pair
	Grounding problem	Improve or try different grounding method
Flow rate steadily reads zero when there is flow	Pipe ID not set	Program ID of pipe
Zero when there is now	Flow is below cutoff (very low)	Reading will resume when flow increases
	Air in the pipe	Reposition meter for full pipe
Flow rate intermittently drops when there is flow	Air in the pipe	Reposition meter for full pipe
Jumpy reading	Improperly grounded	Check for proper grounding
	Pulsing flow	Increase DAMP value
		Use external power source (allows more flow averaging)
		Try power reset

Error Messages

Under certain conditions an error message may be displayed.

Message	Description	Notes
INIT	Initialization is occurring during power up.	
EMPTY PIPE	Fluid is not detected between the sensing electrodes.	
LO in battery icon	Battery is getting low, replace soon. Meter still functions.	Above 6.4V, OK appears in icon
BATT END	Battery is very low (approx. 6.1V). Totalizer stops updating.	
COIL FAIL	Coil current too high or too low (short or open).	
COMM FAIL	Communication between transmitter and sensor board fails.	
OVER RANGE	Rate exceeds number of digits that can be displayed. Adjust units.	
SET ID	Pipe ID has not been set.	
SET HOLE	Installation hole type (small, large) has not been set.	
SET PIPE	Pipe setting has not been selected.	
INIT FAIL	Initialization has failed. Ribbon cable plugged in AFTER power, or there is no communication between transmitter & sensor board.	Try power reset
BAD TEMP	Temperature sensor failed.	

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 - Electrical current fluctuations ٧.
 - Corrosion due to aggressive materials not approved for your specific product vi.
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